THE [Numb. 776.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *March* 20, 1760.

FRANKFORT, December 6.

WE are aſſured that the Wirtembergers loſt above 1200 Men in the Attack made on them by the Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick, and that the Number of Deſerters is already eſtimated at upwards of 1000.

Paris, Dec. 7. However great our Loſs may have been in the Engagement off Belleiſle, it is not capable of diſcouraging us. We hope to find Means, notwithſtanding the Vigilance of the Engliſh, to re-unite thoſe Ships that were diſperſed, and to replace thoſe that periſhed by the five Ships of the Line at Rochfort.

Preparations are making for the Trial of the Chief d'Eſcadre who ran away with the Diviſion of 10 Ships, of which he had the Command.

Another Chief d'Eſcadre, who *amuſed* himſelf by trading at different Ports, inſtead of conducting immediately to Guadaloupe, the Succours he had with him, and where he did not arrive till after the Surrender of the Iſland, is arreſted and ſent to the Baſtile. [*To* amuſe *himſelf there.*]

Notwithſtanding the great Number of hands that are employed at the Mint to convert the Plate that is brought thither into Money; they are not able to make a ſufficient Diſpatch; for which Reaſon ſeveral Goldſmiths are employed in caſting of Ingots, and in that ſhape the Sums allotted for the Payment of the Ruſſian Army are ſent out of the Kingdom.

Modena, Dec. 8. Letters from Spain hint, that the King has ordered ſeveral Men of War to be built, and large Levies to be made againſt the Spring.

Wirtemberg, Dec. 13. A conſiderable Body of about 16,000 Men, arrived the 8th of this Month in Sight of Torgau, but were diſappointed in their Deſign upon that City by his Majeſty's Foreſight, who immediately ſent thither ſome Troops to reinforce the Garriſon. His Majeſty now encamps at Freyberg, where the Enemy attempted, the 10th Inſtant, but in Vain, to diſlodge the Corps under General Hulſen. Field Marſhal Daun's Quarters are at Pirna, and 'tis probable he will not ſtay long there, on Account of the Difficulty of getting Proviſions, which cannot come to him from any Part but Bohemia. A good Part of his Army has already taken the Route of that Kingdom, and the reſt, for Want of Neceſſaries, cannot keep the Field. The King's Army alſo ſuffers by the Rigour of the Seaſon.

Every thing is exceſſive ſcarce and dear, but eſpecially Fuel, which ſells in a Manner for its Weight in Gold, and is even at that Rate difficult to be procured.

Dreſden, Dec. 14. The Dearneſs and Scarcity of Proviſions increaſe to that Degree, that the Magiſtrates have been obliged to ſignify to the Burghers, that as the City is not ſupplied as it uſed to be with Proviſions of any Kind, and as the Butchers, Bakers, Brewers, &c. are no longer able to procure the Neceſſaries within their reſpective Provinces, for the Uſe of the Inhabitants, theſe muſt ſeverally take Care to provide for themſelves as well as they can, in order to prevent being expoſed to the Famine with which this City is threatened. Several Bakers and Brewers have been obliged to ſuſpend the Exerciſe of their Trades for want of Corn to carry it on. They can get none from the Mountains, nor from Meiſſen, the Avenues to which are ſtopt by the Pruſſians. For three Weeks paſt we have received no Poſt nor News of any Kind from Leipſic, and no Paſſages are left open but thoſe leading to Upper Luſatia and Bohemia.

Frankfort, Dec. 16. The Diſtreſs of this Country cannot be expreſſed. In all Parts where the Troops are cantoned, the Peaſant has ſcarce a Bed to lie on, and he is obliged to think it a great favour if he is allowed a Blanket to cover him. His Cattle are without Food, and paſs the Night without Cover; and notwithſtanding the Rigour of the Seaſon, are kept continually at work. No Regard is paid to the Complaints made on every Hand, but all Demands are exacted with as much Rigour as if the People were in the greateſt Affluence. To fill the Magazines on the Mayne and the Necker, the Inhabitants of the Towns and Villages for ſixty Leagues round are compelled to furniſh Horſes and Carriages, the Expence of which is much greater than that of the Forage itſelf.

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) February 16.

WE are no longer in Pain for the Safety of Fort-Loudoun and its Garriſon, ſince the Arrival of ſome Diſpatches from thence laſt Wedneſday, from Capt. Paul Demere, the Commanding Officer of that Fort, to his Excellency the Governor; which was ſent by a reſolute Negroe, called Abraham (belonging to Mr. Samuel Behn, a Trader) who, being a good Woodſman, undertook to bring them, upon a Promiſe of his Freedom as a Reward.—Private Letters, of good Authority, by this Negroe, import, that the Indians had made no Attempt whatever, on the 2d Inſtant, to poſſeſs themſelves of that Fort; yet the Paths were every where way-laid, and all Communication cut off. That the Garriſon was healthy, and in high Spirits, and conſiſted of 280 Men, all determined to ſell their Lives dear whenever attacked, and plentifully ſupplied with every Neceſſary (except Flour) for four or five Months: That they had heard of the Murders committed by the People of the Lower Towns, ſince which Capt. Demere had conſtantly employed fifty Men of his Garriſon to add to the Strength of the Fort: That all the Towns of the Upper Nation were quiet, except Settiquo, from whence, it was ſaid, two Parties had been ſent out againſt Virginia: That Old-Hop, of Chote, was dead: That the Little Carpenter, and Great-Warrior of Chote, ſtill profeſſed "much Friendſhip for the Engliſh, that they were Strangers to the Intentions and Outrages of the Lower Cherokees, and had refuſed to receive a read Hatchet and Scalp ſent to them from thence:" That Captain Demere was, however, very much on his Guard, leſt thoſe Men ſhould be at laſt overborne by the Current, or that prime Conſideration their perſonal Safety; and that he had accordingly ſent to Virginia for Supplies, and to ſollicit a Reinforcement, the Fort being nearer that Colony than to this, and a better Road: That Mr. Butler, and Mr. Brannom, two Traders, ſuppoſed to have been murdered, had eſcaped from the Middle Towns, and were ſafe in Fort-Loudoun. A Supply of Hogs being arrived there juſt before the preſent Diſturbances happened, is confirmed. The Abilities of the Officers there are ſufficiently known; ſo that we have not the leaſt Doubt of that Garriſon's being properly taken Care of, eſpecially, as Captain Demere is reckoned to have as much Influence and Intereſt with the Little Carpenter, the Great-Warrior of Chote, and other head Men of the Upper Cherokees, as any other Man whatever, if not more.

The laſt Accounts from Lieutenant Coytmore, are of the 7th Inſtant, by the ſame Expreſs which brought the above Intelligence: They import, that the Cherokees ſtill continued to beſet Fort Prince-George; that the Hills about and in Sight of it were full of Indians; that it was almoſt impracticable to give or receive Intelligence; that many of the Garriſon were ſickly; but that it was well ſupplied with Fire-wood, which was the only Thing they ſtood in need of before; that the Hoſtages for the Obſervance of the late Treaty, had been demanded to be releaſed, but were ſtill in Cuſtody; and that the Number of Cherokees in Arms were about 800, and diſperſed in Parties from 12 to 40 Men in each.

From Ninety-ſix we learn, that on Saturday the 2d Inſtant, a Party of the Garriſon there went out on a Scout, and ſurprized two ſtout young Cherokees, whom they brought Priſoners to the Fort: That about 40 Indians attacked that Fort the next Day, firing upon it inceſſantly for two Hours; but were bravely repulſed, and had two of their Gang killed, whoſe Bodies they carried off, after burning down Mr. Gouedy's Dwelling-houſe. None of the Garriſon was hurt, but Mr. Samuel Behn, who was ſlightly wounded in the Head; and Mr. Andrew Williamſon, as he was mounting a Horſe, to reſcue from them a Negroe Man and a Boy, a Waggon and five Horſes, which the Indians had taken, belonging to Doctor Murray, was ſhot through the Sleeve of his Coat, in at the Shoulder, and out at the Elbow, without receiving any Hurt himſelf.

Almoſt every Day Accounts are brought from different Parts of the Province, of the Incurſions of the Indians, of the Murders and Ravages committed by them, and of the Deſolation and Deſertion of the Back Settlements in Conſequence thereof. In many of them there is too much Truth; moſt are very imperfect, and many abſolutely falſe. There is no Certainty of any Indian ſcalping Parties having come within 20 Miles of the Congarees; neither that Settlement nor Orangeburgh are broke up; but the People are providing for the Security of their Families, by erecting three new Stockade Forts, the Principal one at Beaver-Creek, which we hope will effectually check the Progreſs of the Enemy in thoſe Parts, till the Inhabitants can be otherwiſe relieved.

Several Expreſſes from Fort-Moore and Auguſta bring Advice, that the Cherokees have made Incurſions within 25 Miles of thoſe Forts, on both the Carolina and Georgia Sides of the River. On the 3d Inſtant one Davis, near Steven's Creek, removing to Auguſta, with 23 Women and Children, was way-laid and attacked by the Indians; he defended himſelf bravely as long as he could, and killed two of his Aſſailants, but at laſt was obliged to deſert his helpleſs Company in the Hands of the Enemy. The next Day a Party of Militia went out in Queſt of the Indians, and happening to fall upon the Spot where Davis's Action had been, they thought it prudent to return, even without burying the cruelly mangled Bodies they found there. On the 5th Inſtant another Party went out from Auguſta, to ſound the Diſpoſition of ſome Creek Indians at Little River, but were not returned the 7th. Several Creeks had warned white People to move from their Settlements, ſaying, that the Cherokees would be with them at a certain Day and Hour. Many Children have been found wandering in the Woods, of the Party that were attacked removing from the Long-Canes Settlement; one Man brought no leſs then nine of them to Auguſta, which he picked up in two different Parties, ſome of them terribly cut with Tomahawks, and left for dead, and others ſcalped, yet alive. In theſe Quarters there are now ſeveral Forts, and all filled with moſt wretched People, deſtitute of every Thing. Fort-Moore is repairing and enlarging by thoſe who have fled thither for Protection. Four Miles from this, on the other Side the River, is Fort-Auguſta. A Mile from that, Meſſieurs Macartan and Campbell have erected, at their own Expence, a very large, ſtrong and handſome Stockade, reckoned the beſt betwixt St. Auguſtine and Boſton, done by any private Perſons. Four Miles from Fort-Moore John Tobler, Eſq; has erected one. Eight Miles down the River Mr. Galpin has alſo built one, pretty large; and is endeavouring to prevail with ſome Creek Indians to ſcout at ſome Diſtance round about it. Mr. Rae and Mr. M'Gillivray are likewiſe building Stockade Forts. And at Mr. James Germany's, 12 Miles up the River, upwards of 600 Souls, from Broad-River, &c. are enforting themſelves.—No Fort whatever is erecting on Broad-River, which is 80 Miles above Auguſta, nor are any Inhabitants left there to make a Stand againſt the Indians.

The General Aſſembly of this Province, in order to protect the Back Settlers, to relieve Fort Prince-George, and to chaſtiſe the perfidious Cherokees, for their atrocious Breach of the late Treaty, and moſt horrid Cruelties and Violences, have chearfully reſolved to continue the Provincials in Pay, to provide for ſeven Troops of Rangers, to be immediately raiſed, conſiſting of 75 Men each, beſides Officers, to whom Commiſſions are already iſſuing, and to raiſe beſides, a Regiment of Foot, to conſiſt of ten Companies of 100 Men each, excluſive of the Officers, and likewiſe to give proper Rewards for Indian Scalps, and veſt the Property of Indian Priſoners as Slaves to thoſe who ſhall take them.

Although no certain Judgment can yet be formed what Part the Creeks will take, Letters from Georgia, of the 9th Inſtant, juſt received, ſay, that Governor Ellis had then with him 30 of that Nation, who ſpoke in a very favourable Strain: That ſome head Men whom his Excellency had ſent for were alſo ſoon expected at Savannah: And that this Gentleman ſeemed determined to ſpare neither Trouble nor Expence to induce theſe Folks to cut off ſome Cherokees, and leave their national Symbols with the dead Bodies. If Mr. Ellis ſhould be ſo happy as to ſucceed, it is allowed, that this will be the moſt effectual Meaſure that could be fallen upon, both to humble the Cherokees, and keep the Creeks from joining them.

Captain Harvey from Jamaica informs us, that about a Fortnight ago his Majeſty's Ship Enterprize, under whoſe Convoy he came out with a Fleet, took a large French Ship from Port-Dauphin, that had come into the Fleet in the Night.

We have Reaſon to believe, that ſince laſt Monday upwards of 2000 Perſons have been inoculated for the Small-Pox in this Town. One Gentleman alone, we are informed, has upwards of 600 Patients.

LONDON, *November* 24.

THE late General WOLFE left his Plate, Watch, and Diamond Ring, to Admiral Saunders, in Token of his great Regard for him, as a Friend and gallant Officer; he alſo left Legacies to ſome other Officers.

Nov. 27. The Royal Sovereign of 100 Guns is put into Commiſſion, and the Command given to Captain Robert Hathorn.

Nov. 29. Letters from Marſeilles of the 1ſt Inſtant complain bitterly of the great Decay of that City's Trade ſince the Beginning of this War; they uſed to ſee about forty Ships enter their Port every Week; but now they cannot reckon above 14 Arrivals in that Space of Time, taking one Week with another. Theſe Letters alſo inform us, that a Pruſſian Privateer has taken and carried into Cagliari two Imperial Men of War of 20 Guns, and two Tuſcan Veſſels.

Dec. 4. We hear that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland will very ſoon be declared Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Forces, have the firſt Regiment of Foot-guards, and be Maſter General of the Ordnance.

Dec. 8. Letters from Paris ſay, that a new Arret was daily expected to be iſſued for bringing to the Mint all Toys and Trinkets of Gold.

We hear that ten Merchants have engaged to raiſe all the Money wanted for next Year, and that one of the Gentlemen has given a Liſt for a Million and a Half.

Letters from the Hague ſay, that Mr. Yorke had repreſented in ſuch ſtrong Terms, the Umbrage taken by the King his Maſter, at the Permiſſion given to carry naval Stores from Amſterdam to France by inland Navigation, that the States General had reſolved to refuſe the Permiſſion ſollicited by the Count d'Affry to tranſport a freſh Quantity lately brought from Sweden; upon which the Count ſent an Expreſs to Verſailles for new Inſtructions.

Tranſlation of a Letter from Paris, dated Dec. 13.

"Our Marine Officers attribute all the Misfortunes of our Fleet to the Intrepidity of that little Squadron that was ſo long cruizing this Year, at the very Entrance of Breſt; for had our Detachment of three Ships of the Line, forced their Way through them, and got to Port Louis, as they were ordered to do, and which they attempted three different

Times, and as often returned (the Commandant of which was at laſt diſmiſſed for refuſing the Combat offered him by the Engliſh Commandant, under all our Cannon) the Expedition from Port Louis and Vannes would have ſailed with the Frigates at thoſe Ports, joined to theſe great Ships intended to eſcort them, whilſt our Fleet with the Marſhal de Conflans was only to have made a Feint, to draw the whole Attention of the Engliſh Fleet, which we know was watching off Uſhant; and by thoſe Means the Duke d'Aiguillon might have landed according to his Deſtination, either in England or Ireland; and if once aſhore, it was hoped we ſhould have been recompenſed for any Accident that had happened to the Fleet that tranſported the Troops. But perhaps next Spring may prove more favourable to our Deſigns." [*And perhaps not.*]

A Tranſlation of ſome French Lines, ſaid to have been ſtuck up at Verſailles.

HERE are Boats to be Sold, whoſe Bottoms are Flat,
Soldiers to be Hir'd, who are not over Fat,
Having long liv'd on Aliment Powder alone,
Whereby they have little beſides Skin and Bone:
A Miniſter that's commonly wiſh'd at the De'el:
Generals that deſerve to be broke on the Wheel.
Thy good Fortunes, O *FRANCE*, and thoſe that perplex,
Were both brought about by the feminine Sex:
Thy Happineſs, once, a MAID did procure;
Thy Ruin a HARLOT has now made ſecure.

January 4. Yeſterday and Wedneſday was imported from Jamaica and the Leeward Iſlands, 9596 C. Wt. of Sugar, 7390 Pounds of Indico, and 790,000 Pounds of Tobacco from Virginia and Maryland.

Extract of a Letter from a Pruſſian Officer, dated from the Camp at Wilſdruff, Dec. 10.

"Tho' our Enemies are accuſtomed to magnify their Advantages, they have never done it ſo groſsly, as in the different Relations they have publiſhed of the Action on the 20th paſt, between them and a Body of our Troops under General Finck. According to their Story, 24,000 Pruſſians were, on that Occaſion, defeated and made Priſoners by 15,000 Auſtrians; an Event, of which the Hiſtory of many Centuries furniſhes no Example. The honeſt Folks, who relate Stories of this Nature, ought to have remembered, that in the Year 1756 a Body of 24,000 Pruſſians obliged 16,000 Saxons to lay down their Arms in Preſence of an Auſtrian Army. Beſides, we cannot conceive how 18 Battalions and 35 Squadrons could compoſe a Body of between 18 and 20,000 Men; ſince, if even the one and the other had been complete, they would not have amounted to more than 15,000 fighting Men. But it is eaſy to conceive that Pruſſian Battalions and Squadrons, which, during the Courſe of this Campaign, have been in ſo many Actions, could not be ſo complete as thoſe of the Auſtrians. I can even venter to affirm, with Certainty, that before the affair of Maxen, the Corps under General Finck did not exceed 8000 Men; that about 2000 were killed or wounded in the Action, and that the Remainder, at the Time they ſurrendered, did not exceed 2800 Foot, and 900 Horſe, which extreamly ſurpriſed the Auſtrian General. It is even moſt certain that above 2000 of this Corps have eſcaped from the Enemy, and have moſtly rejoined the Army.

"In the the ſame proportion that they have ſwelled the Number of our Troops, they have diminiſhed that of their own. In the Relation publiſhed by Marſhal Daun of this Action, he ſays that he employed in it only twelve Regiments of Foot, and eight of Horſe; and nevertheleſs he acknowledges that General Finck's Corps was attacked on one Side by the Troops under General Bentano, on another by thoſe under General Palfi, and laſtly, by the Army of the Empire; ſo that there were near 50,000 Men at that Affair. Beſides, the Enemy eſtimate their own Loſs at 1000 Men. We cannot know it exactly; but according to the Report of ſome of their own Officers, it amounted to near 6000. It is certain that our Battalions did not ſurrender till they had ſpent all their Ammunition. If all theſe Circumſtances be impartially conſidered, the Advantage ſo much boaſted of will ſoon vaniſh: Nor will it appear ſtrange, that a Body of 8000 Men ſhould be defeated by another of 50,000, and that the broken Remains of the former, to the Number of 4000 Men, having expended their Ammunition, ſhould ſurrender Priſoners of War.

"If M. Daun piques himſelf upon his taking Advantage of the unfortunate Situation of the Troops under General Finck, it does him very little Honour that the Pruſſian Army, which before this Æra was inferior to his in Number, and which, according to his Story, was weakened by 20,000 Men, ſhould keep him confined, as before, between Dreſden and Dippoldſwalda, without his being able to draw the ſmalleſt Advantage from this important Action.

"In Fact, this Event, though very fatal in one Senſe, hath hitherto had no other Conſequences than to hinder our retaking Dreſden. We continue in our former Poſition at Wilſdruff and Freyburg, and deſire nothing more than to come to Blows with the Enemy. No body in our Army doubts that the King, notwithſtanding his Loſs, which has been ſo greatly exaggerated, will ſtill ſhew himſelf as formidable as he was after the famous Battles of Chotzemitz, Breſlau, and Cunnerſdorff."

On the 12th of Sept. laſt the Wife of one Edward Knight in Warwick, being taken in Labour about five o'Clock in the Morning, was attended by a Midwife, but after receiving all proper Aſſiſtance, ſhe Died. About five o'Clock Afternoon, the Corpſe was put into a Coffin, with a Shroud over it. Next Morning, the Nurſe going into the Room where the Corpſe lay, fancied ſhe ſaw ſomething move the Shroud up and down in the Coffin, and ran away in a great fright to acquaint the People of the Houſe below; who immediately went up Stairs with her to examine the Matter; when, turning down the Shroud, they ſaw, to their great aſtoniſhment, a live Child groveling in the ſaw duſt, which had delivered itſelf from the Corpſe. As ſoon as their ſurprize was over, they wrapped the Child in Flannel, and took all poſſible Care to preſerve it, but it Died before they could dreſs it.

Extract of a Letter from Captain Richard Maitland, of the Royal Regiment of Artillery, dated Bombay, May 8, 1759.

"Since my laſt, nothing particular happened to the Detachment until February, when I was ordered by the Governor and Council to take the Command of an Expedition againſt the City and Caſtle of Surat, my Command conſiſting of 850 Artillery and Infantry, with 1500 Seapoys.

"I embarked my Troops on board the Company's armed Veſſels, and in 8 Days landed them all ſafe at a Place called Dentilowry, Diſtance from Surat about nine Miles, where we encamped for the Refreſhment of the Troops three or four Days. In our firſt Day's March from the above Encampment, Capt. John Northall died of an Apoplectick Fit, and was ſucceeded in the Company by Captain Joſeph Winter. The firſt Attack that I made was againſt the French Garden, where the Enemies (Scydees) had lodged a Number of Men; them I drove out, after a very ſmart Firing on both Sides for about four Honrs; our Number loſt conſiſting of about 20 killed, and as many wounded. After we had got Poſſeſſion of the French Garden, I thought it neceſſary to order the Engineer to pitch upon a proper Place to erect a Battery, which he did, and completed it in two Days.

"On this Battery were mounted two 24 Pounders, and a 13 Inch Mortar, which I ordered to fire againſt the Wall, &c. as briſk as poſſible; this I continued to do for three Days. Having thought of a more expedient Method of getting into the outer Town than by the Breach of the Wall, I called a Council of War, compoſed of Military and Marine; formed a Plan of a general Attack, which I laid before them, and they as readily agreed to, and this to be put into Execution at half paſt Four the next Morning. The Plan was, that the Company's Grabb and Bomb-ketches ſhould warp up the River in the Night, and anchor in a Line of Battle oppoſite the Scydees Bundar, one of the ſtrongeſt fortified Places they had got; this they did, and a general Attack begun from the Veſſels and Battery at the appointed Time. My Intentions in this were to drive the Enemy from their Batteries, and to facilitate the Landing of the Infantry at the Bundar, whom I had Embarked on board of Boats for their Tranſportation. We made a continual Fire until Half paſt Eight, when a Signal was made for the Boats to put off, and to go under the Cover of the Veſſels. This proved very ſucceſsful, for the Men were landed with the Loſs of one Man only; getting poſſeſſion of the Scydees Bundar, and putting the Men to Flight, with the Loſs of Captain Robert Inglis, mortally wounded, and Lieutenant Pepperel wounded in the Shoulder, our Loſs of Men not very conſiderable.

"Having gained this Point, and getting poſſeſſion of the outer Town, with its Fortifications, the next Thing to be done was to attack the inner Town and Caſtle:

"I ordered the 13 and two 10 Inch Mortars, to be planted on the Scydees Bundar, and to begin firing into the Caſtle and Town as ſoon as poſſible; Diſtance from the Caſtle about 700 Yards, inner Town 500.

"About Six in the Evening, the Mortars began to play very briſkly, and continued to do ſo until Half paſt Two the next Morning. This continual Firing of our Mortars put the Caſtle and Town into ſuch a Conſternation, that they never returned one Gun. The Enemy finding it impoſſible to ſupport themſelves, ſent to acquaint me they would open the Gates for my Troops to march into the Town, which I did, with Drums beating and Colours flying. After I was in the Town, the Governor ſent to acquaint me, that he would give me up the Caſtle, on Proviſo that I would allow him and his People to march out of the Caſtle with their Effects, which I agreed to, taking Poſſeſſion without any farther Moleſtation.

"Royal Artillery. Killed 2. Wounded 4.

"In the Company's Infantry. Captains killed 2. Subaltern 1. Killed in all 150. Wounded about 60.

"Our Expedition commenced the 9th of February, and we arrived at Bombay April 15."

Preparations on the French *Coaſt for an Invaſion.*

WITH Lanthorn Jaws and croaking Gut,
See how the Half ſtarv'd *Frenchmen* ſtrut,
And call us *Engliſh* Dogs;
But ſoon we'll teach thoſe bragging Foes,
That Beef and Beer give heavier Blows,
Than Soup and roaſted Frogs.
The Prieſts, inflam'd with righteous Hopes,
Prepare their Axes, Wheels and Ropes,
To bend the ſtiff-neck'd Sinner;
But ſhould they ſink in coming over,
Old Nick may fiſh 'twixt *France* and *Dover*,
And catch a glorious Dinner.

Preparations in England *to oppoſe the Invaſion.*

SEE *John* the Soldier, *Jack* the Tar,
With Sword and Piſtol arm'd for War,
Should Monſieur dare come here;
The hungry Slaves have ſmelt our Food,
They long to taſte our Fleſh and Blood,
Old *England*'s Beef and Beer.
Britons, to Arms! and let them come,
Be ye but *Britons* ſtill, *ſtrike home*,
And Lion like attack 'em;
No Pow'r can ſtand the deadly Stroke,
That's given from Hands and Hearts of Oak,
With LIBERTY to back 'em.

The laſt Will and Teſtament of a Britiſh TAR.

IN the Name of God, I *Thomas Oakham*,
Now *Compos mentis*, *ſine Jocum*,
On this good ſixteenth day of April,
Of neither palſey, gout, or vapour, ill;
Since all muſt ſtrike, or late, or ſoon,
Life's flag, to death, that picaroon,
Do make, tho' not a jot my body's ill,
This my laſt teſtament, or codicil.
Item, for I muſt uſe the *form*,
I leave my *hull* to Fiſh or Worm;
As to my maſts, and ſhrowds, and rigging,
They'll ſerve ſome honeſt Tar to *pig in*,
Since all I have is on my back,
I leave 'em to my meſs-mate *Jack*—
And having neither * *meuks* nor *ſplinter*,
I leave my trowſers to *Dick Winter*.
My buckles, for they're good hard plate,
I leave, for *love*, to *Portſmouth Kate*—
My ſoul to him that gave it, I
Give back——*but not before I die*,
Hoping it may good *harbour* find,
Safe *anchor'd*—both from ſeas and wind.
Having diſpos'd of every thing,
Except my *Country* and my *King*,
It is not decent ſure to die,
And leave to them no *legacy*——
To *Portſmouth*, where I drew my breath,
I leave my bleſſing at my death:
For in my life-time, free and willing,
'Twas there I ſpent my every ſhilling—
My Country gave it, there I ſpent it,
Nor do I in the leaſt repent it—
God ſpare old *G----e*, both ſnug and warm,
Long may he weather out the ſtorm;
Long may his guns do execution,
To rake the *French* and help the *Pruſſian*:
Oh! may he live to quell his foes,
And pull old *Lewis* by the Noſe—
My Stock of *honeſty* and *wit*
I leave to Secretary *P—t*,
(Who ſtood it in the rougheſt weather)
Becauſe I know he wants for neither.
To all my truſty couſins loving,
Who are our *Pilot* for removing,
My Will is, when they come to *helm*,
That they, *as well*, may ſerve the realm,
Or take it, *foundering*, up, like him,
And put it in a better *trim*.
Item, to *B——n L—* I leave,
While he to *P—t* does firmly cleave,
My compaſs, which, upon my ſoul,
I ne'er ſaw *vary* from the pole—

* See Terms for Money.

The

The needle to the *touch* was *true*
As ever steer'd a ship or crew.
My globe on *A*——— I bestow,
He sail'd round all the world, you know,
And having now no world to roam,
He may take mine, and—stay at home;
Like *Alexander*, to bewail,
He has no other worlds to sail.
I love and honour honest *H*—*e*,
Nor ever knew him *flinch*, or baulk;
But 'tis my will he never marry,
A *jade* that's likely to *miscarry*,
Had he but wed another *wife*,
He'd carry'd *Rochefort* on my life.
So having made my will in form,
I set to sea—nor fear no storm.

THOMAS OAKHAM.

EDINBURGH, *December* 15.

The Freedom of this City has been lately presented to the Right Honourable Admiral Boscawen, accompanied with the following Letter from the Lord Provost:

"Sir, The many distinguished Services you have done to your Country, justly entitle you to the Honour and Esteem of your grateful Countrymen; but, besides those Services which you have done to the Nation in general, you have had the Goodness to confer very great Favours on many of the Inhabitants of this Part of the Island, particularly, those who had no Friends or Interest to put them forward, till they had the good Fortune to fall under your Notice, and to become the Objects of your Generosity.

"My fellow Citizens of Edinburgh therefore think themselves bound by all the Ties of Duty and Gratitude, to testify to yourself, and to the World, the high Sense they have of your distinguished Virtue and Merit; and accordingly I have received the Commands of the Magistrates and Council thereof, to convey to you your Investiture with the Right of Citizenship among us, which I have committed to Mr. Johnstoun, a favourite Citizen of ours, to present to you. I have the Honour to be, with the greatest Respect, Sir, your most obedient humble Servant, G. DRUMMOND, *Provost*."

BOSTON, *January* 14.

Last Monday Night, a Person happening to pass near a Row of new Shops lately built in Water Street, between 11 and 12 o'Clock, perceived an uncommon Smell, and going nearer, observ'd a Smoke from one of them, improv'd by a Taylor; upon bursting open the Door, found a Chest with some Cloaths in it, on Fire, upon a Pot of Coals, which had been put there by some wicked designing Person; but upon alarming the Neighbours, the Fire was soon extinguish'd; and the Shop was found to be plunder'd of divers Goods: Upon opening the Door of one of the next Shops, improved by one Smith, a Chair Maker, they found a Piece of Cloth upon the Floor, and that he had carried off his most valuable Utensils; upon which he was seiz'd at his Lodgings, and the stolen Goods found under his Bed: Upon being examin'd, we hear he has confess'd himself to be the Author of this wicked Affair, which if it had not been thus seasonably discover'd, might have occasion'd a deplorable Desolation in that Part of the Town: He is now confin'd in Goal, in order for Trial, he intended to remove to Halifax, and having emptied his own Shop, and robb'd his Neighbour's, doubtless, by contriving to set them on Fire, in such Manner to destroy the whole, he tho't he shou'd escape with Impunity.

NEW-YORK, *February* 18.

From Lisbon we have an Account, That Capt. Archibald Kennedy, in his Majesty's Ship the Flamborough, had taken the famous Privateer which has done more mischief to the Traders of that Port, than all the Privateers out of France together, being perhaps one of the finest Sailers; and Capt. Kennedy chased her from Six in the Morning till Eleven at Night. She had taken Thirty two English Vessels (of which Capt. Jeffery's belonging to this Port, richly laden, was one) within these three Years; and had been chased by most of our Cruizers. She had on board when taken 114 stout Fellows, carried 16 Carriage Guns, and 16 Swivels.—For this Piece of Service, Capt. Kennedy had a handsome Compliment paid him from the Factory.

ANNAPOLIS, *March* 20.

Last Week Died at *Chester-Town*, in *Kent* County, in a good old Age, Mr. JAMES SMITH, who had been for a great Number of Years Clerk of that County. He is succeeded in his Office by Mr. DENNIS DULANY, late of this City.

Sunday last arrived here from *Biddeford*, the Snow *Industry*, Capt. *John Hoarding*; but has had a long Passage. He came in the Capes with two Vessels which are gone into *Piankatank* in *Virginia*, one of them from *Lisbon*, and the other from *Genoa*, Names unknown.

On Tuesday arrived here from *St. Kitt's*, Capt. *Binney*, in the Schooner *Chester-River*. He left *Basseterre* the 19th of *February*, under Convoy, as far as Latitude 21: 00, of the *Lancaster* Man of War, Capt. MAN, by whose great Care, himself, and the Captains *Davis* of *Boston*, *Jones* and *Perkins* of *New-London*, and *Chester* of *Norfolk*, escap'd being taken by two *French* Privateers. Capt. MAN fired 10 or 12 Guns at one of the Privateers, but she being but just within Gun-shot, and the Weather rough, they did no Execution. Capt. *Binney* says, that the *French* Privateers are very thick among the Islands, notwithstanding the Vigilance of our Men of War.

On Sunday last, and part of Monday, we had a Storm of Snow from the Eastward, when we had more Snow fell than at any Time in the past Winter. Such a deep Snow was scarcely ever known here at this Season.

We have had so much wet and uncomfortable Weather, for near a Fortnight past, that there are not a sufficient Number of the Representatives to compose the Lower House, yet come to Town.

We hear from *Queen-Anne's* County, That Mr. THOMAS HARRIS, one of the Representatives for that County, Died there on Tuesday last of the Small-Pox.

By PERMISSION of his EXCELLENCY,

This present Evening,

At the THEATRE *in this City, will be presented, a* COMEDY, *call'd, The*

STRATAGEM.

AIMWELL, by Mr. MURRAY, being the first Time of his appearing on this Stage.

And a DRAMATIC SATIRE, call'd,

LETHE, or *ÆSOP* in the SHADES.

AND,

On Saturday Evening next, being the 22d Instant, will be presented, a TRAGEDY, *call'd, The*

LONDON MERCHANT;
Or, the History of
GEORGE BARNWELL.

Thorowgood, *Mr.* DOUGLASS: Barnwell, *Mr.* HALLAM: Trueman, *Mr.* MORRIS: Uncle, *Mr.* MURRAY: Blunt, *Mr.* SCOTT.

Millwood, *Mrs.* DOUGLASS: Maria, *Mrs.* MORRIS: Lucy, *Miss* CRANE.

To which will be added, a FARCE, *call'd,*

THE LYING VALET.

No Money will be received at the Door on any Account; nor any Persons admitted without TICKETS, which may be had at the PRINTING-OFFICE, and at the Bar of Mr. *Middleton's* Tavern.

BOX 10*s.* PIT 7*s* 6. GALLERY 5*s.*

No Person to be admitted behind the Scenes.

To begin exactly at VI o'Clock.

Upper-Marlborough, March 18, 1760.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscribers, in Account of above one Year's standing, are desired to make immediate Payment, or they may expect to be sued without further Notice.

ALEXANDER and ANDREW SYMMER.

March 20, 1760.

ANY Person qualified to take the Command of a small Sea Sloop, bound for *New-York*, and can come well recommended, may meet with Employment, by applying to the Subscriber now at *Annapolis*. JOHN HANSON, junior.

STRAYED away from the Subscriber, at Major *Thomas Harwood's*, in *Prince-George's* County, near *Queen-Anne*, on the 15th of *February* past, a Roanish colour'd Horse, about 14 Hands high, has a white Mane and Tail, and has a small Brand B on the near Buttock.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to the Subscriber, living near the Rev. Mr. *Brogden's* Chapel, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward if taken within 20 Miles of his Plantation, or a Pistole if taken at a further Distance.

SAMUEL TYLER, junr.

THERE is in the Possession of *Ignatius Lucas*, living on Mr. *Carroll's* Manor in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay Gelding, about 12½ Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder H, has some Saddle Spots on the near Side, trots and gallops, and the Mane hangs on the near Side.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Christian Miller*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare about 14 Hands high, has a Star in her Forehead, Paces, and has no perceivable Brand; had on an old broken Bell, with a Leather Collar and double Buckle.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of *Abraham Tregarden*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse about 14 Hands high, Paces well, branded on the near Shoulder with M and a Figure 4 on the Top.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE RUN FOR,

At the usual Race Ground, near ALEXANDRIA, *on Thursday the 29th Day of* May *next,*

A PURSE of THIRTY POUNDS, the best in three Heats, (three Times round the Ground, which is about two Miles and a Half each Heat), by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, 14 Hands to carry ten Stone, or below that Measure, Weight for Inches.

And on Friday the 30th will be run for, a Purse of Fifteen Pounds, by any Horse, *&c.* 14 Hands carrying nine Stone, or below that Measure, Weight for Inches.

The Horses to be entered on the Monday before at the Court-House, with Messrs. *Carlyle*, *Adams*, and *Hunter*, between the Hours of Two and Six o'Clock in the Afternoon. The Entrance Money to be paid for the first Race, Thirty Shillings for each Horse, *&c.* And for the second, Fifteen Shillings each.

Proper Judges will be appointed to determine any Disputes which may arise.

Three Horses to Enter and Start or no Race.

THE PATENT of a Tract of Land called *The Diamond*, granted to *Thomas Roper*, in the Year 1703, for 400 Acres of Land lying in *Prince-George's* County, has passed through several Hands and cannot be found, and by a diligent Search the Patent appears to be cut out of the Record. It was delivered to one *George Buchannan*, and cannot be heard of since.

Whosoever will deliver the said Patent to the Subscriber, or give him Notice, so that he may have it, shall receive a Pistole Reward; and for the Certificate of the said Land from the Record, Half a Pistole Reward, paid by

SAMUEL TAWNEHILL.

STRAY'D from the Plantation of Mr. *George Maxwell* on *Patuxent*, a Black Horse about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock RB.

Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber, Bricklayer, near *Allen's-Fresh* in *Charles* County, shall be paid Twenty Shillings Reward.

GEORGE LYNN.

THERE is in the Possession of Mr. *Walter Murray*, living at the *Vineyard* near *Annapolis*, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse 12 Hands high, he has a Star in his Forehead, but no perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Rubie*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a white Mare, she has a Bob Tail, is branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock imperfectly, and had on an old broken Bell with a Rope Collar.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Waters*, senior, near Mr. *Snowden's* Iron-Works, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Horse branded on the near Buttock with an O, has some Saddle Spots near his Withers, and his Mane and Tail are black.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Prince-George's County, *February* 26, 1760.

THE several Gentlemen in this Province, that have any Demands against Mr. *Peter Fearon*, of *London*, Merchant, and Capt. *John Fearon*, late of this Province, deceased, Partner in Trade with the aforesaid *Peter Fearon*, or against the Subscriber during the Time he was Factor for the said Company, are requested to send a Copy of their Claims to the Subscriber, by the Tenth Day of April next; as his Friends in *London* have promised him to get Justice done to the Creditors, who have hitherto suffered, as well as himself, for the large Sums of Money due from the said Company; which Accounts, as well as his own, he intends to send home early in the Spring.

All Letters and Accounts directed for me at *Upper-Marlborough* shall be taken due Care of.

GEORGE CLARKE.

ANY industrious, sober TRADESMEN, willing to settle in *Upper-Marlborough*, will meet with Encouragement by applying to the Subscriber, who will either Sell Land, or Build for a reasonable Rent.

2 A good TAYLOR, SHOEMAKER, BUTCHER, TANNER, CABINET-MAKER, STAY-MAKER, and JOINER, are much wanted.

DANIEL CARROLL.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

THE Plantation, in *Cæcil* County, whereon Mr. JAMES PAUL HEATH, deceased, and the Subscriber, lately lived, to which belong about 1500 Acres of excellent Land. There is also on the Plantation, a very handsome well built Brick Dwelling House, two Story high, with four good Rooms on a Floor, together with handsome and convenient Offices of Brick. The house is very pleasantly situated on *Sassafras* River, and
2 commands a beautiful and extensive Prospect. There are also other Commodious Buildings, such as Barns, Tobacco Houses, Granaries, Stables, Houses for Quarters or Tenants. It is about three or four Miles from *Frederick* and *George* Towns. There is some good Meadow, and a great deal more may be made.

For Title and Terms Enquire of WALTER DULANY, Esq; in *Annapolis*, or the Subscriber at his Plantation in *Baltimore* County near *Bush-Town*.

N. B. If a Number of Purchasers shou'd offer, the Land may be laid out in Lots.

JAMES HEATH.

RAN away from the Plantation of the Subscriber, in *Frederick* County, whereon *James Odell* now lives, a lusty Convict *Irish* Servant Man named *John Morein*, of a Sandy Complexion; had on an old Felt Hat, a yellow Wig, an old Oznabrig Shirt much Patch'd, a Cotton Jacket and
X Breeches, a pair of yarn Stockings the Tops of
2 which are old, double soled Shoes the Leather torn in several Places, and may have a pair of sale Stockings.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him to the Subscriber, living in *Bladensburg*, or to *James Odell*, shall have Twenty Shillings besides what the Law allows, paid by

JOHN SMITH PRATHER.

To be RENTED, in ALEXANDRIA,

THE GEORGE TAVERN. There are three Fire Places below Stairs, a very good Bar, and six Rooms above; a Kitchen adjoining, with two good Rooms below and above, a Dining Room 24 Feet by 18, a Room of the same Dimensions above it, in which is a very good
2 *London* BILLIARD TABLE. There are also, a Garden, Stable, Smoke-house, &c.

Any Person inclining to Rent the same for a Term of Years, may know the Terms and Time, by applying to the Subscriber, (or in his Absence to Mrs. *Ramsay*) and enter on the Premisses in good Order.

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

Alexandria, Jan. 30. 1760.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Ranter* in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a
X Stray, a small Black Mare about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with T C and on the near Shoulder with O and a Stroke join'd at Top, has a Star in her Forehead, her hind Foot white.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Alexandria, Virginia, Feb. 19, 1760.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. *David Craig*, late Merchant of *Alexandria* in *Virginia*, deceased, are desired to come and settle their Accounts; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, to bring in their
3 Accounts, that they may be paid.

As my Intention is, in a short Time, to leave this Colony, and have a speedy Settlement of the Affair, those who will not come and give Bond by the last of *March* next, may expect their Accounts will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, to be prosecuted according to Law, and those which will bear General Court Suits, may expect them.

JOHN CRAIG, Administrator.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At GEORGE-TOWN *in* Frederick *County, on Saturday the 5th Day of* April,

THE following Tracts of LAND, *viz.*

Philip and Jacob, containing 400 Acres.
Part of *Whitehaven*, containing 409 Acres.
Part of *Friendship*, containing 1200 Acres.

These are all adjoining, and make a Body of well Timber'd Land; on which are Two Plantations, with good Orchards, Four Tobacco-Houses framed, and all other necessary Houses, and are very convenient for Trade or Cropping, lying on *Potowmack* River, about three Miles above *George-Town* in *Frederick* County.

Part of *Addison's Choice*, containing 800 Acres.

This Tract lies on *Manockasy*, within two Miles of *Frederick-Town* in *Frederick* County.

4 JOHN ADDISON,
WILLIAM MURDOCK.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Wednesday the second of April, *at* Pig-Point,

A PARCEL of choice Country-born Slaves, consisting of Men, Women, and Children; a Cook Wench, and two young Wenches, that have been brought up to Washing, Ironing, &c. for Bills of Exchange or Current Money, by

4 RICHARD HARRISON, & BENJ. HARRISON.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Thursday the Third of April *next, upon the Premisses, for Sterling Money,*

A PARCEL of Land containing 497 Acres, situate on *Elk-Ridge*, about 12 Miles from *Elk-Ridge* Landing; the Land is well Timber'd, and has upon it Two good Dwelling-Houses with Brick Chimneys, and other convenient Houses, and a very good Orchard. It lies very convenient to a good Water-Mill which never wants Water. The Title to be shewn at the Day of Sale.

The Sale to be at Two o'Clock Afternoon.

X 4 JOHN SELLMAN, Son of *William*.

X4 *Frederick-Town, Jan.* 20, 1760.

DESERTED this Day from Ensign *James Gorrell*, of the first Battalion of the *Royal American Regiment*, a Recruit named *Peter Dent*, 5 Feet 11 Inches high, 24 Years of Age, short brown Hair, brown Complexion, and lisps a little. Had on when he went away, a whitish Cloth Coat, a black Jacket, red Shag Breeches, grey Stockings, and old Pumps. He has very large Feet. He said he had two Suits more of good Cloaths at Mr. *Stephen Chandler's* House in *Charles* County, where he formerly kept School. He was born near the *Cool-Springs* in *St. Mary's* County.

Whoever takes up the said Deserter, and secures him in any Goal, so that the Subscriber may have him again, shall be paid Two Pistoles Reward, over and above what the Act of Parliament allows for taking up Deserters. JAMES GORRELL.

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB,
STAY-MAKER, 5
Living in PORT-TOBACCO, *in* Charles *County*,

MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTEEN STAYS, after the neatest, best, and newest Fashion, made of the best of Goods, and works inferior to none. Any Gentlewomen, by directing their Commands to him, they shall be complied with, and may be assured the Work shall not be exceeded by any Master-Stay-Maker now in Being

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To be SOLD by PUBLIC SALE,

On WEDNESDAY *the 26th of* March, *at* Upper-Marlborough, *to the Highest Bidder, for ready Money, or Credit, with giving Security if required,*

THREE Hundred Acres of LAND, being Part of a Tract called *Friendship*, lying in *Frederick* County, by

+5 ANNE YOUNG, Executrix to *Benjamin Young*, Esq;

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of *James Plant*, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be paid: And all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment. X6 JOHN FENDALL, Administrator.

Frederick-Town, February 26, 1760.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raising Five Hundred Dollars, for purchasing a FIRE ENGINE for the Use of *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County, to consist of 1750 Tickets at Two Dollars each, 532 of which to be Fortunate, without any Deduction, *viz.*

1	of	200	DOLLARS, is	200
2	of	80	are	160
3	of	40	are	120
4	of	20	are	80
20	of	10	are	200
50	of	8	are	400
450	of	4	are	1800
1	First drawn Blank,			20
1	Last drawn Blank,			20
532	Prizes.		Sum raised	500
1218	Blanks:			
1750	Tickets at 2 Dollars each, is			3500

THE Overplus of the Profits after purchasing the FIRE ENGINE and it's Appurtenances (if any) to be applied towards erecting of a MARKET-HOUSE in the said Town.

By the above Scheme there are little more than Two Blanks and a Quarter to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not quite Fifteen *per Cent* upon the Whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (on 14 Days previous Notice, at least, to be given in this Gazette) in the Court-House of the said County, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Drawing, it is supposed, will be in Two Months at farthest, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are, Messrs. *Thomas Sebly, James Dickson, Conrod Gross, Arthur Charlton, Christopher Edelin, Michael Ramar, Caspar Shaaf, Thomas Price, Levi Cohan, John Cary*, and *George Murdock*, who are to give Bond, and take an Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and the Prizes to be paid off without any Deduction.

Prizes not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforesaid, to be deem'd as a generous Present for the Use intended, and applied accordingly.

N. B. The Value of Seven Shillings and Six Pence in *Maryland* or *Pennsylvania* Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar in the Sale of Tickets, and the same Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes by the fortunate Adventurers.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers, and at the *Printing-Office* in *Annapolis*.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION situate in *Kent* County, within a Mile and a half of *George-Town*, upon the main Road, very convenient for either a Merchant or Tavern-Keeper, having good Improvements thereon. For Terms of Sale apply to Mr. *William Rasin* in *George-Town*.

JOHN WATSON.

WANTED,

A SOBER diligent MAN, who writes a good Hand, and understands the *Italian* Method of Book-Keeping. Such a One may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Printers hereof.

N. B. None need apply who can't be well recommended.

LIKEWISE WANTED,

A Person to undertake the Building a WHARF. Apply as above.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship BETSY, *Capt.* ANDREWS, *from* BRISTOL, *and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store at* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, *Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco,*

A LARGE Quantity of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, suitable for both Winter and Summer Season.

JOHN WELDON.

N. B. A good Price to be given for Tobacco.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.